Animals and Plants Prepare for Winter Do Not Disturb

Post-activity, all grades

Objective

Students will explore some of the different strategies animals use to survive the winter.

Materials

- Riddle game pieces, cut apart
- 1 small box
- Writing/drawing utensils
- Paper
- Blackboard or dry-erase board
- Pictures of animals (optional)
- How the Turtle Flew South for the Winter

Procedure

Read "How the Turtle Flew South for Winter" to your students. Ask your students to tell you the two survival techniques listed in the story. Define migration and hibernation and ask the students to list other animals that use those techniques for winter survival.

If you have not already done so, introduce the four other techniques animals use to make it through the winter. Make six columns on the board, label with the new vocabulary words.

Bring out a box with the riddles inside. Tell students you have a box of riddles. They will have to figure out what animal the riddle refers to and what that animal does to make it through the winter. Many of the animals do more than one thing.

Have students take turns pulling the riddles from the box and reading them aloud. Read riddles aloud to younger students. Have a different student try and solve the riddle. If students are having trouble solving the riddle, show them a picture of the animal, only revealing a portion of the picture at a time or give them clues.

Record the animal in the appropriately labeled column(s) on the board.

After reading all the riddles, let each child choose an animal to illustrate, perhaps in the midst of its winter activity. Older students can also research and write about their animals and then give presentations. Students can also act out charades of the animals as their classmates try to guess which one they are depicting.

Animal Riddles

- 1. I am the only mammal that can fly. I come out at night for insects moving by. I like to sleep through the winter with all of my furry friends around me.
- 2. I am a round, spotted, red and black insect. I like to eat aphids before my long winter nap. When winter comes around, I find thousands of friends and we cuddle up under logs and leaves on the ground.
- 3. In the summer I buzz around to make honey for my hive. When winter comes, I stay in with my friends, and we eat the honey to help keep us alive.
- 4. I have longs legs and a large white rump. I like to eat plants all winter long and my fur is hollow and brown. During the winter, from the mountains I come down.
- 5. Many people don't like me because of my smell. Although I am a cute little black and white mammal. I nap for most of the cold winter days, popping my head out of my burrow when it's warm enough to play.
- 6. I'm an insect with long front legs that I use to hop around. In winter I die, but don't worry about me, I left my eggs in the ground.
- 7. I like to climb pine trees and chew on their bark. I'm not soft and cuddly; in fact, I'm rather sharp. You can still see me nibbling around when the snow is falling to the ground.
- 8. I'm often green and sometimes brown. I hop to find my way around. When the pond freezes over with ice all above, being down below in the gooey mud is what I love.

- 9. I sit in a tree and call out "Dee, Dee, Dee". I fluff out my feather to hold in the heat and flap quickly around finding insects to eat.
- 10. I live high in the mountains eating berries and meat. I make a small den for my winter retreat.
- 11. I like to fill my red belly with worms, but I fly away south when the weather starts to turn.

Answer Key

- 1. Bat Congregate & Hibernate
- 2. Ladybug Congregate & Hibernate
- 3. Honeybees -Congregate, Generate
- 4. Mule Deer Migrate, Generate
- 5. Skunk Hibernate
- 6. Grasshopper Propagate
- 7. Porcupine Generate
- 8. Frog hibernate
- 9. Chickadee Insulate, Generate
- 10. Black bear Hibernate
- 11. Robin Migrate